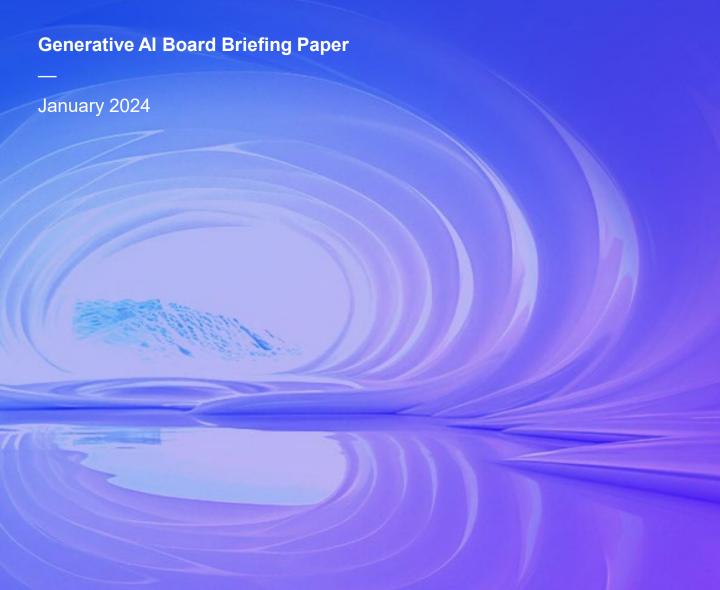


Preparing your board for generative Al



Your journey to Trusted Al

In the fast-changing world of Artificial Intelligence (AI), generative AI stands as a pivotal innovation that board members and Non-Executive Directors need to fully understand. It offers unprecedented opportunities but also raises complex business and ethical questions. The aim is not just to manage those challenges, but to elevate your organization's AI practices to achieve "Trusted AI."

We define **Trusted Al** as the balanced integration of Artificial Intelligence that helps maximize benefits, minimize risks, and retain the trust of stakeholders by aligning with governance, ethics, and safety principles.

This briefing serves a dual purpose: first, to provide you with a focused overview of how generative AI affects your responsibilities, and second, to help set you on the path towards operationalizing Trusted AI.

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Board checklist

A key responsibility of the board is establishing an effective risk management program that evolves with emerging technologies. It is vital for board members to understand how Al affects their organization, the potential benefits, and to actively oversee and mitigate related risks. To help, we created a checklist designed to guide you in your journey.

Al Knowledge and Inventory	 Gain a base-level understanding of what Al and generative Al means – its potential benefits and risks, and how the company might use it, and ensure knowledge cascades to the C-suite. Understand the inventory of material Al use cases currently in production or in development.
Strategic Alignment & Governance	 Understand and approve the AI strategy, ensuring its alignment with broader business strategies and protective policies. Set and approve the AI risk profile, risk tolerance, and guardrails using a Trusted AI framework. Identify a Trusted AI governance structure that reports to the board. Understand and oversee AI decisions recognizing their advantages and trade-offs. Ensure AI is a regular board agenda item.
Trusted Al & Regulation	 Understand current and pending Al-related regulations. Understand and oversee Trusted Al use, risk identification, and mitigation especially concerning accuracy, security, privacy, and bias. Understand high-risk Al activities and the actions to mitigate them. Define a position for Al in relation to organizational values and culture, recognizing the implications for both employee and customer experience.
Data Management & Integrity	 Understand the nature of data used in AI models, ensuring its quality, integrity, relevance, and unbiased nature.
Incident, Vendor & Risk Management	 Understand incident management procedures for AI and relevant business continuity measures. Understand vendor risk management for AI platforms. Ensure regular independent testing and assessment

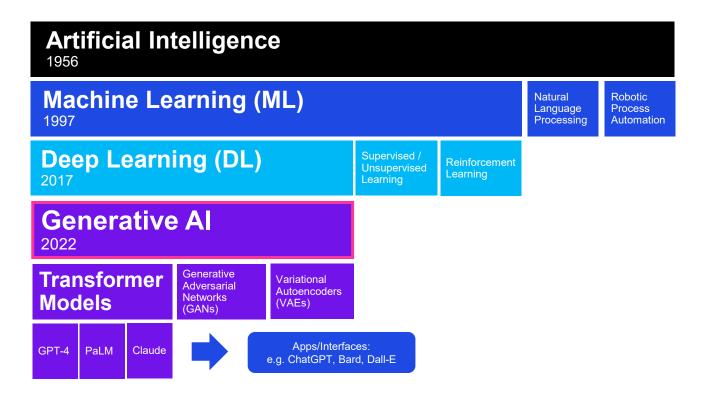


of AI systems.

Putting Data and Al in context

Al is an umbrella term that encompasses different techniques. Al and its subset, generative Al, are transforming the competitive landscape across all sectors, offering significant advantages but also posing ethical and governance challenges.

Many boards are asking for high-level education (with third-parties, as necessary) on generative AI and its potential benefits and risks for their company. The session should include an overview of the risks posed by generative AI, which could mean additional reputational and legal risks that can undermine stakeholder trust.



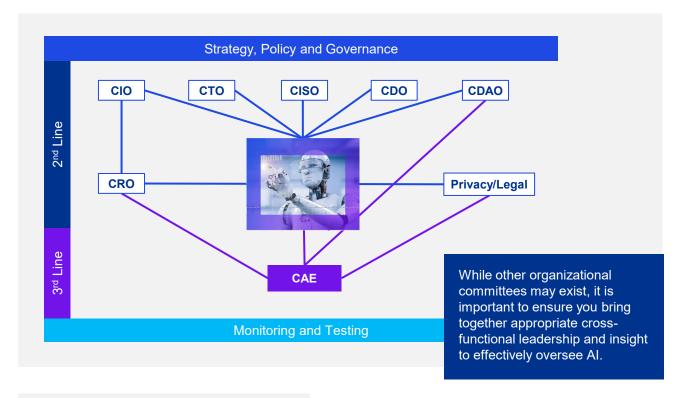
- Al systems can generate predictions, recommendations, or decisions that influence real or virtual environments.
 Generative Al, specifically, can create realistic and unique outputs like images, videos, software code, music, or text.
- Al is projected to generate nearly US\$5 trillion in added value by 2024, facilitating productivity gains, driving new business models, and helping address complex global issues (Source: IDC).
- The rapid growth of generative AI has also heightened awareness of associated risks. To gain trust, AI systems must be developed and implemented carefully, aligning with legal frameworks, ethical norms and human rights.
- Given rapidly evolving legislation, the use of generative AI may pose compliance risks. Monitoring this must be a management priority.
- High-profile failures involving Al have eroded public trust.
 Some Al technologies have been accused of reinforcing unfair biases and stealing artists' intellectual property (IP).
- Al applications can produce inaccurate, unfair, or harmful outcomes, potentially undermining trust, and human rights like privacy. Data privacy is a major concern.
- A recent KPMG in Canada <u>national survey</u> indicates that the responsible use of AI is a key enabler in building trust and customer loyalty.



Establish your Al Governance committee

We recommend a dedicated AI Governance committee that reports to the board to supervise trustworthy, ethical AI practices in the organization. It should include key C-level executives or their representatives from across the business, including functional, legal & privacy, risk, technology, data, cyber, and sales & marketing.

The committee should seek external advice from experts in AI, ethics, and law and assist the C-Suite in making informed decisions on significant matters pertaining to AI.



Goals for the board

- Ensure AI applications align with ethical standards, safeguarding the organization from potential legal and reputational risks.
- Foster innovation, enabling the business to gain a competitive edge through trustworthy AI development.
- Establish a commitment to ethical and Trusted AI, enhancing trust and brand value among stakeholders, customers, and employees.

Key considerations:

- It is important to develop a governance structure and policies for generative AI technology early on, and to review and update those policies as new AI tools and risks emerge.
- Define key roles and responsibilities in relation to oversight, design, development, and use of AI across the business (including products and services).
- Create Al guiding principles aligned with the Trusted Al framework, including on the ethical use of Al.
- Define and document the scope of the Al governance program, including which types of models, algorithms, and systems are in and out of scope, and why, and building a risk scale for in-scope use cases).
- Monitor the process to escalate and assess high-risk AI use cases (including the intake and approval process).



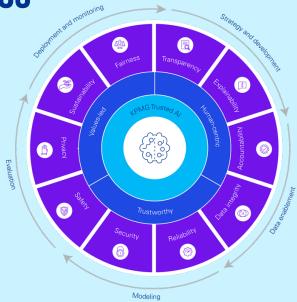
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Assess your Al readiness

Al readiness in an organization means being fully set up and prepared – across strategic alignment, infrastructure, technology, workforce skills, and ethical considerations – to use Al effectively and responsibly.

Leading organizations strive to understand and proactively manage the risk and ethical issues related to AI. Any assessment framework used should evolve with current and upcoming frameworks and regulations, including NIST AI Risk Management, ISO 42001, AIDA, EU AI Act, Canada's Guide on the use of Generative AI. etc.

Image on the right: **KPMG's Trusted AI framework.**



Among the key questions to consider during this process are:

- Is there a clear decision-making process for how and when a generative AI system or model including a third-party model should be developed and deployed?
- How is management mitigating these risks and what generative AI risk management framework is used?
- How is the company monitoring federal, provincial, and global legislative and regulatory proposals to govern the use of generative AI?
- · Does the organization have the necessary generative AI-related talent and resources?

Goals for the board:

- Receive quantified insights into your organization's AI readiness, benchmarked against national, international best practices, and peers, leveraging a robust Trusted AI framework.
- Lay the groundwork for informed discussions among key decision makers about your organization's AI and data challenges, priorities, and roadmap.
- Gauge consensus and understanding across relevant stakeholder groups, which can inform initiatives to improve awareness and promote a consistent approach within your organization.

Key considerations:

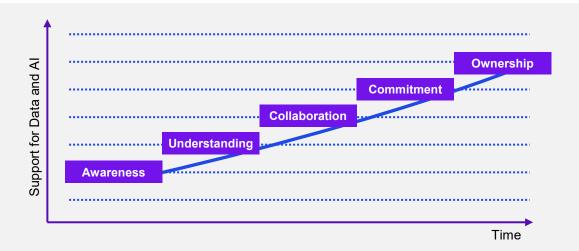
- Foster top-down leadership by establishing a unified understanding across the organization, and about where the AI readiness assessment fits in your company's data and AI ethics journey.
- Prioritize outcomes by adopting an outcomefocused approach to ensure the insights from the assessment translate into actions. This will inform the roadmap and development of your data and AI ethics strategy, principles, and processes.
- Maintain clear communication by ensuring respondents understand the benefits, desired outcomes, and results of the assessment, and how these impact them and the organization. This fosters a sense of collaboration and inclusion.



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Build employee engagement

Strong governance and AI readiness create a structured environment where AI can thrive, but it's the commitment and understanding from your employees that bring these technologies to life in a sustainable, trustworthy way. Build a shared focus around AI by engaging your employees early in your journey.



Awareness

Stakeholders have a broad awareness and familiarity of Data and Al concepts.

Understanding

Stakeholders understand the key principles, terms, use cases, and changes Data and Al introduces to them.

Collaboration

Relevant stakeholder groups collaborate on a periodic basis through an established governance forum to drive change programs pertaining to Trusted AI.

Commitment

Stakeholder groups are committed to incorporating trustworthy practices into the way that data is collected and used and Trusted Al frameworks and principles are rolled out.

Ownership

Stakeholders at all levels within the organization demonstrate ownership and accountability through their adherence Trusted Al frameworks and policies.

Goals for the board:

- Build consensus and acceptance on the organization's approach to Data and AI.
 This requires a multi-disciplinary and coordinated approach, ensuring buy-in across the organization.
- Establish trust among employees. Trust erosion often occurs due to lack of visibility and transparency.
- Keep workforce updated with rapidly changing technological advances. With the growth of AI and Data use, employees are expected to have basic knowledge of the topic.

Key considerations:

- Develop meaningful engagement within your organization through an incremental and targeted approach, tailored to your specific needs. Strategies can include:
 - Data and AI insight sessions that are designed to familiarize board members with key concepts, benefits, and risks.
 - Data and AI learning programs that offer employees training to deepen their understanding of data and AI.
 - Data and AI activation programs that involve identifying internal advocates to lead efforts that support the trustworthy and sustainable adoption of AI.



Define ethical guardrails and governance for your organization

To use AI ethically, companies must understand its current uses and effects on society. This insight, coupled with knowledge of emerging regulation and public perception, aids in establishing guiding principles for AI and data analytics usage.

Centre this process around customer needs and perspectives. Consult key stakeholders and, if possible, consumers, and those affected by the Al model.

Trusted Al is designed meet the following expectations:

Trustworthy

Al systems are fit-for-purpose and perform reliably to produce accurate output as intended. Data acquisition, governance, and usage uphold ethical standards and comply with applicable privacy and data regulations.

Goals for the board:

- Proactively identify and manage potential ethical, legal, and privacy risks associated with AI applications, paying close attention to how AI could disproportionally affect members of equitydeserving groups.
- Showcase a commitment to ethical Al usage through self-regulation and transparency.
- Embrace diversity with a board that helps make well-rounded, unbiased decisions based on a deeper understanding of Al impacts.

Human-centric

Al systems are designed to achieve positive outcomes for end-users and other stakeholders, and at a minimum, do not cause harm or detract from human well-being.

Values-led

Al systems adhere to commonly accepted ethical principles and values (e.g. fairness, transparency of data collected and how it is used), uphold human rights (e.g. privacy), and comply with applicable laws and regulations.

Key considerations:

- Establish a set of standards the organization commits to – an AI ethics codes of conduct – relevant to employees, customers, and communities.
- Put in place regular reviews of the ethics of AI systems by an independent body including representation of communities and stakeholders impacted by the AI systems.
- Adhere to a third-party certification system that independently confirms a minimum level of transparency, accountability and fairness to the broader public.
- Implement a Regulatory Insights Platform that can help track and understand the impact of new and existing regulations, laws, and guidance about AI.



Operationalizing Trusted Al

Implementing Trusted AI throughout your operations is complex due to the diversity of AI applications and contexts they involve.

Navigating the complex landscape of Data & AI demands committed engagement with the broader impacts of technology on society. The proposed approaches in this paper empower organizations to step forward as leaders of responsible innovation, fostering trust and paving the way for AI that serves the greater good.

Generative Al is new, but there are tried and tested frameworks you can use. The key to preparation is getting your whole team started – now.

Three steps to consider:

An ongoing assessment and Trusted Al program can ensure you meet specific standards of ethics, compliance, quality and security.

Through on-site assessments, using Trusted AI tools for continuous monitoring, and a peer review approach, you can be confident that AI models are responsibly developed and deployed. Such a program fosters trust and transparency.

Support the development of leaders who can bridge the gap between business objectives and data needs.

Data fuels Artificial Intelligence. It is critical to understand the nature of data used in Al models, ensuring its quality, privacy, relevance, and unbiased nature. As generative Al technology breakthroughs happen at a faster and faster rate, how you capture, leverage, and protect your company data will become even more critical.

Adopt a balanced and proportional approach to ethical risk management and human oversight.

Given the context-sensitive nature of ethical considerations in data analytics and AI, it's essential to monitor and manage ethical risks dynamically and consistently.



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About KPMG's Board Leadership Centre



Supporting board members with value-added insights and trusted guidance.

The KPMG in Canada Board Leadership Centre (BLC) engages with directors, board members and business leaders to discuss timely and relevant boardroom challenges and deliver practical thought leadership on risk and strategy, talent and technology, globalization and regulatory issues, financial reporting, and more.

BLC provides an analysis of the big issues reshaping our environment today for public and private-company governance and shares diverse perspectives from KPMG in Canada's subject matter experts to help navigate the boardroom agenda.





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